

CP Geometry
Isosceles Triangles

Name: _____

Base Angles: The congruent angles in an isosceles triangle

Vertex Angle: The angle in an isosceles triangle forming both congruent sides.

Isosceles Triangle Theorem (ITT):

If two sides of a triangle are congruent, then the angles opposite those sides are congruent.

Converse of Isosceles Triangle Theorem (CITT):

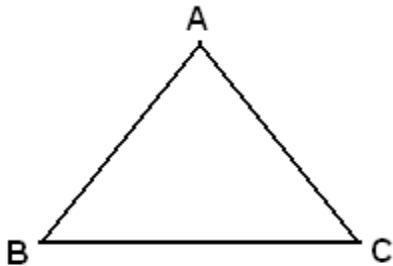
If two angles of a triangle are congruent, then the sides opposite those angles are congruent.

Corollary to Isosceles Triangle Theorem:

The angle bisector of the vertex angle of an isosceles triangle is the perpendicular bisector of the opposite side.

PROOF OF ITT:

If two sides of a triangle are congruent, then the angles opposite those sides are congruent.

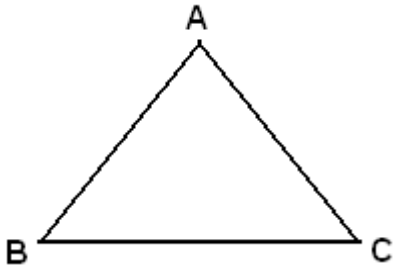


Given: $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{AC}$

Prove: $\angle B \cong \angle C$

PROOF OF CONVERSE OF ITT:

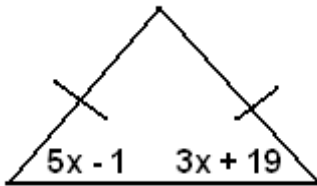
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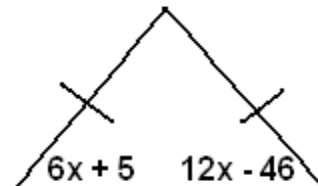
Given: $\angle B \cong \angle C$

Prove: $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{AC}$

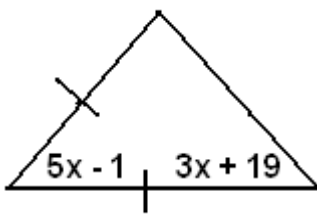
[EX1] Solve for x.



[EX2] Solve for x.



[EX3] Solve for x.



[EX4] Solve for x.

